#### **Topic 1- Numeration**

Word	Definition	Picture
Digits	The symbol used to write the numbers 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8, and 9 are called <u>digits</u> .	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
Standard Form	Standard form is a way to write a number showing only its digits.	3,845
Word Form	A number written in words is written in word form.	9,325 Nine thousand three hundred twenty five
Compare	When you <u>compare</u> numbers, you decide if one number is greater than or less than another number.	42<50 (42 is <b>less than</b> 50) 68> 42 (68 is <b>greater than</b> 42)

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Place Value	Place value is the value given to a place a digit has in a number.	Place value chart  Spussing sp
Expanded Form	A number written as the sum of the values of its digits is written in <b>expanded form</b>	<b>2,476</b> = <b>2000</b> + <b>400</b> + <b>70</b> + <b>6</b>
Period	A group of three digits in a number, separated by a comma, is called a <b>period</b> .	421,356,798
Order	When you arrange numbers from least to greatest or from greatest to lest, you are putting numbers in order.	Least to greatest 12, 57, 89  Greatest to Least 89, 57, 12

- Grade Hillojosa Math Vocabalary Words		
Dollar Sign	A <u>dollar sign</u> (s) is a symbol used to indicate money.	\$
Round	When you round, you replace a number with a number that tells about how much or how many to the nearest ten, hundred, thousand, and so on.	nearer to '0' nearer to '10'  Round up or down?  When the units are 5 or higher High-Five I and regard UP
Decimal Point	The dot used to separate dollars from cents in money is called the decimal point.	2.62 Decimal Point
Number line	A line that shows numbers in order using a scale is called a <u>number line</u> .	

**Topic 2- Number Sense: Adding and Subtracting Whole Numbers** 

Word	Definition	Picture	
Commutative (order) Property of Addition	Numbers can be added in any order and the sum remains the same because of Commutative (order) Property of Addition.	You can change the order of addends. $4 + 7 = 7 + 4$	
Associative ( Grouping) Property of Addition	Addends can be regrouped and the sum remains the same because of the Associative (grouping) Property of Addition.	You can change the grouping of addends. $3 + (7 + 29) = (3 + 7) + 29$	
Compatible numbers	Numbers that are easy to add, subtract, multiply, or divide mentally are called compatible numbers.	255 → 250 322 → 325	

Identity ( Zero) Property of Addition	The Identity (Zero) Property of Addition states that the sum of any number and zero is that same number.	Adding 0 to a number doesn't change a number. $n + 0 = n$
Estimate	To give an approximate number or answer is to <u>estimate</u> .	68 round to 70 +153 round to 150 about 220
Inverse Operations	Two operations that undo each other are called <u>Inverse</u> <u>Operations</u> .	Operation         Inverse operation           3+5=8         8-5=3           8-3=5         5+3=8           6×7=42         42÷7=6           42÷6=7         7×6=42

**Topic 3- Developing Proficiency: Adding and Subtracting Whole Numbers** 

Word	Definition	Picture
Regrouping	When you are  regrouping  numbers, you are  naming whole  numbers in a  different way.	Think: I must remember to write a I in the tens column when I make I ten.  Tens Ones  Tens Ones
Unknown	A symbol that stands for a number in an equation is called an unknown.	- + - = 8 5 + = 14
Equation	A number sentence that uses an equal sign (=) to show the value to its left is the same as the value to its right is called <b>equation</b> .	Addition Subtraction $2 + 8 = 10$ $8 - 2 = 6$ Multiplication Division $2 \times 8 = 16$ $16 \div = 8$

Topic 4- Multiplication Meanings		
Word	Definition	Picture
Multiplication	Multiplication is an operation that gives the total number when you join equal groups.	3 × 6 = 18  number number in number of groups each group in all
Factors	The numbers that are multiplied together to give a product are called <b>factors.</b>	3 X 6 = 18 factor factor
Product	The answer to a multiplication problem is called the product.	3 × 6 = 18
Array	An <u>array</u> is a way of displaying objects in equal rows and columns.	3 Columns 2 rows

Commutative ( Order)
Property Of
Multiplication

Numbers can be multiplied in any order and the product will be the same because of the Commutative (order) property of Multiplication.

 $2 \times 3 = 3 \times 2$ 

#### **Topic 5-Multiplication Facts: Use Patterns and Known Facts**

Word	Definition	Picture
Multiple	The product of a given number and any other whole number is called a <u>MULTIPLE</u> .	<b>0, 4, 8, 12, and 16</b> are all multiples of <u>4</u> .
Zero Property of Multiplication	The <b>Zero Property of Multiplication</b> states that the product of any number and zero is zero.	$8 \times 0 = 0$ $0 \times 5 = 0$
Associative ( Grouping) Property of Multiplication	The Associative (Grouping) Property of Multiplication says that you can change the grouping of the factors and the product will be the same.	$(3 \times 2) \times 4 = 24$ $3 \times (2 \times 4) = 24$ $(3 \times 2) \times 4 = 3 \times (2 \times 4)$

Identity ( One) Property of Multiplication	The Identity (One) Property of Multiplication states that the product of any number and 1 is that number.	4 x 1 = 4 1 x 4 = 4 22 x 1 = 22 1 x 22 = 22
Distributive Property	The <u>Distributive</u> <u>Propert</u> y says that a multiplication fact can be broken apart into the sum of two other multiplication facts.	$7 \times 4 = (5 \times 4) + (2 \times 4)$ $\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$ $28 = 20 + 8 = 28$

Topic 6-Meaning of Division		
Word	Definition	Picture
Division	Division is an operation that tells how many equal groups there are or how many are in each group.	12 ÷ 3 = 4  Total Number Number of each group

#### 2rd Grado Hinoiaca Math Vacabulary Words

3 <sup>rd</sup> Grade Hinojosa Math Vocabulary Words			
Topic 7-Division Facts			
Word	Definition	Picture	
Fact Family	A <b>Fact Family</b> is a group of related facts using the same numbers.	$3+4=7$ $3\times4=12$ $4+3=7$ $4\times3=12$ $7-3=4$ $12\div3=4$ $7-4=3$ $12\div4=3$	
Dividend	The <u>dividend</u> is the number to be divided.	$ \begin{array}{c} 52 \div 4 = 13 \\ \hline                                   $	
Quotient	The <b><u>quotient</u></b> is the answer to a division problem	quotient  13 4) 52	
Divisor	The number by which another number is divided is called the <u>divisor</u> .	4) 52 Divisor	

**Topic 8- Number Sense: Multiplying 2-Digit By 1 Digit Numbers** 

Word	Definition	Picture
Partial Products	Products found by breaking one factor in a multiplication problem into ones, tens, and hundreds and then multiplying each of these by the other factor are called <b>Partial Products</b> .	4 x 24 = ? (4 x 20) + (4 x 4) 4 x 20 = 80 + 4 x 4 = 16 96
Compensation	Choosing numbers close to the numbers in a problem to make the computation easier and then adjusting the answer for the numbers chosen is called compensation.	Easier to multiply 50  Adjust, Subtract 3 groups of 2  48  X  X  X  Adjust, Subtract 3 groups of 2

**Topic 9- Developing Proficiency: Multiplying 2 Digit by 1 Digit Numbers** 

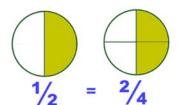
Word	Definition	Picture
Two digit multiplication		2 Digit X 1 Digit  1 Multiply 4 times ones place 4 x 8. Regroup if necessary.  2 Multiply 4 times tens place 4 x 3. Add # that is carried over.

Topic 10- Patterns and Equations		
Word	Definition	Picture
Equal (equality)	When the two sides of an equation have the same value, the sides are <b>equal</b> . The sides have equality.	8 x 5 = 40 20 + 20= 40 8x 5 = 20 +20
Not equal (≠)	When the two sides of an equation do not have the same value, they are not equal (≠).	3 x 6= 18 4 x 5= 20 They are <b>NOT EQUAL</b> 3 x 6 ≠ 4 x 5

Topic 11- Understanding Fractions		
Word	Definition	Picture
Fraction	A symbol such as ½ used to name a part of a whole, a part of a set, or a location on a number line is called a <b>fraction</b> .	1/3 of a whole.  1/3 of a whole.  1/3 of a set  1/3 of a number line.
Numerator	The <u>numerator</u> is the number above the fraction bar in a fraction.	$\frac{1}{2}$ The Numerator
Denominator	The <u>denominator</u> is the number below the fraction bar in a fraction.	$\frac{1}{2} \longrightarrow \text{Denominator}$
Unit fraction	A <u>unit fraction</u> represent on part of a whole that has been divided into equal parts. A <u>unit fraction</u> always has a numerator of 1.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Equivalent Fraction

Fraction that name the same part of whole or the same location on a number line are called **equivalent fractions**.



Topic 12- Shapes and Solids			
Word	Definition	Picture	
Angle	A figure that is formed by two rays having the same endpoint is called an angle.	Angle	
Right angle	A <u>right angle</u> forms a square corner.	90°	
Polygon	A <b>polygon</b> is a closed figure made up of straight line segments.	Polygons Not Polygons	

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Trapezoid	A quadrilateral with only one pair of parallel sides is called a <b>trapezoid</b> .	One pair of parallel lines.
Rectangle	A <u>rectangle</u> is a parallelogram with four right angles.	Four right angles
Parallel Lines	Lines that never cross each other are called parallel lines.	
Quadrilateral	A <b>quadrilateral</b> is a polygon with four sides.	

Parallelogram	A quadrilateral with two pairs of parallel sides is called a parallelogram.	Two pairs of parallel sides.
Square	A <b>square</b> is parallelogram with four right angles and all sides the same length.	four right angles  all sides are the same length
Rectangular prism	A solid figure with six rectangular faces is called a <u>rectangular</u> <u>prism</u> .	
Triangular Prism	A solid figure with two triangular faces is called a <u>triangular</u> <u>prism</u> .	

Cone	A <u>cone</u> is a solid figure with a circle as its base and a curved surface that meets at a point.	
Rhombus	A <u>rhombus</u> is a parallelogram with all sides the same length.	All sides are the same length
Solid figure	A figure that has a length, width, and height is called a <u>solid</u> <u>figure</u> .	rectangular sphere cone
Cube	A solid figure with six same size squares as its faces is called a <u>cube</u> .	

Cylinder	A solid figure with two circular bases is called a <u>cylinder</u> .	
Face	The flat surface of a solid figure is called a face.	Face
Vertex	A <u>vertex</u> is the point where two ray meet to form an angle and the point where the sides of a polygon meet. The <u>vertex</u> is also the point where three or more edges meet in a solid figure and the pointed part of a cone.	Vertex
Sphere	A solid figure in the shape of a ball is called a <b>sphere</b> .	

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Edge	A line segment where two faces meet in a solid figure is called an <u>edge</u> .	
Bases	Flat surfaces of solids that can roll are called <u>bases</u> .	base

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Topic 13- Measurement- Perimeter and Area			
Word	Word Definition Picture		
Perimeter	The distance around a figure is called a <b>perimeter</b> .	The perimeter of this figure, is 124, 3, 4	
Area	Area is the number of square units needed to cover a region.	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 The area of this region is 16 squares.	
Square Units	A <u>square uni</u> t is a square with sides 1 unit long, used to	1 1 1 1 1 square unit	

measure area.

1 square unit

Topic 14- Measurement: Capacity, Weight, Mass, and Times

Topic 14- Measurement: Capacity, Weight, Mass, and Times		
Word	Definition	Picture
Cup	A <u>cup</u> (c) is a customary unit of capacity.	3/4 - 2/3 1/2 - 1/3
Quart	A quart (qt) is a customary unit of capacity. One quart equals 2 pints.	Dairy Pure 2 back
Weight	Weight is a measure of how heavy an object is.	A scale can be used to measure weight.
Pound	A pound (lb) is a customary unit of weight. One pound equals 16 ounces.	1 pound = 16 ounces

Capacity	The amount a container can hold measured in liquid units is called capacity.	how much a container can hold.  out a container can hold.  gallon
Pint	A pint (pt) is a customary unit of capacity. One pint equals 2 cups.	= 2 cups
Gallon	A gallon (gal) is a customary unit of capacity. One gallon equals 4 quarts.	1 gallon (gal)  1 gallon = 4 quarts
Ounce	An ounce (oz) is a customary unit of weight.	A small piece of cheese weighs about 1 ounce.

Milliliter	A milliliter (ml) is a metric unit of capacity.	An eyedropper can be used to measure milliliters. 20 drops from an eyedropper have a capacity of about 1 ml.
Mass	Mass is a measure of the amount of matter in an object.	A pan balance can be used to measure mass.
Kilogram	A kilogram (kg) is a metric unit of mass. It is the amount of matter in an object. One kilogram equals 1,000 grams.	1,000 paper clips have a mass of about 1 kilogram.
Time Interval	A time interval is an amount of time.	35 min + ? min = 45 min 35 min + 10 min= 45 min The time interval is 10 minutes.

Ton	A ton (t) is a customary unit of weight. One ton equals 2,000 pounds.	1 ton = 2,000 pounds
Liter	A liter (I) is a metric unit of capacity. One liter equals 1,000 milliliters.	1 liter = 1,000 milliliters
Gram	A gram (g) is a metric unit of mass. It is the amount of matter in an object.	A paper clip has a mass of about
Elapsed Time	The total amount of time that passes from the starting time to the ending time is called elapsed time.	4 hours and 20 minutes of elapsed time

Topic 15- Data Analysis		
Word	Definition	Picture
Survey	Collecting information by taking a number of people the same question and recording their answers is called a survey.	Yellow                  4         Red                  5         Blue                  6         Green               1         Pink                  4
Dot Plot	A dot plot is a way to organize data on a number line.	Pets in our class  Rabbit Dog Cat Horse Bird Mouse Fish Other
Key	A key explains what each symbol represents in a pictograph.	Favorite Ice Cream Flavors  Cookie Dough

Data	Pieces of information are called data.	Time and Distance
Frequency Table	A table used to show the number of times something occurs is called a frequency table.	Colour   Number of Smarties   Frequency
Pictograph	A graph using pictures or symbols to show data is called a pictograph.	Fruits  Apple
Bar graph	A graph using bars to show data is called a bar graph.	Student survey - favourite fruits  Student survey - favourite fruits  Bars may be vertical or horizontal.  Management of the student survey - favourite fruits  Bars may be vertical or horizontal.

3" Grade Hinojosa Math Vocabulary Words			
Topic 16- Personal Financial Literacy			
Word	Definition	Picture	
Spending	Spending is paying money for goods such as food and clothes or services such as a haircut.	B BOX TO SERVICE OF THE PARTY O	
Unplanted spending	Unplanted Spending is paying money for goods and services you do not expect.		
Interest	Interest is money you pay when you borrow money, or money you receive for lending money.	(-) borrow or lend (+)	
Resources	Resources are things used to produce goods and services.		

Income	Income is money earned for work people do.	
Planned spending	Planned spending is paying money for goods and services you expect	
Credit	When you buy something on credit you pay for it later.	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
Saving	Saving is putting money aside to use in the future.	

Charity

Charity is giving money to help others

